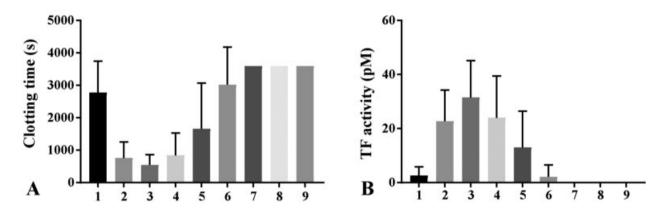
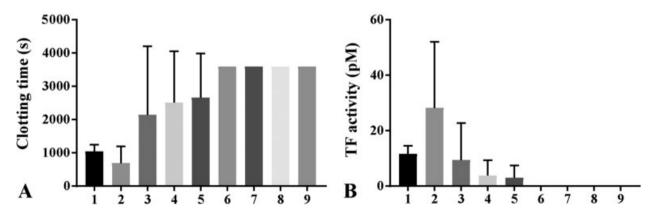


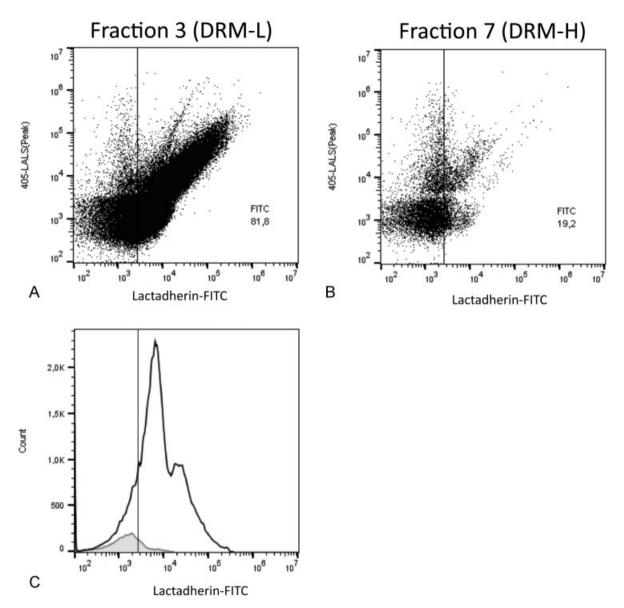
Supplementary Fig. S1 Clotting time and tissue factor (TF) activity in plasma membrane fractions of MIA PaCa-2 cells. Clotting time (A) and TF activity (B) in plasma membranes fractions of MIA PaCa-2 cells. Data shown are the mean of two independent experiments. Inset: TF activity calibration curve using Innovin as a standard.



Supplementary Fig. S2 Clotting time and tissue factor (TF) activity in plasma membrane fractions of MDA-MB-231 cells. Clotting time (A) and TF activity (B) in plasma membranes fractions of MDA-MB-231 cells. Data are shown as mean \pm standard deviation (n=4).



Supplementary Fig. S3 Clotting time and tissue factor (TF) activity in plasma membrane fractions of human vascular smooth muscle cells. Clotting time (A) and TF activity (B) in plasma membranes fractions of human vascular smooth muscle cells. Data are shown as mean \pm standard deviation (n = 3).



Supplementary Fig. S4 Phosphatidylserine (PS) exposure in detergent-resistant membrane (DRM)-L (low density) and DRM-H (high density) plasma membrane fractions of MDA-MB-231 cells. The exposure of PS in all nine Triton X-100 OptiPrep gradient fractions of plasma membranes was studied by staining of PS with lactadherin fluorescein isothiocyanate (FITC) and detection by flow cytometry. Shown are dot plots from DRM-L fraction 3 (A) and DRM-H fraction 7 (B). Events with fluorescence above the threshold (vertical line) stain positive for lactadherin, and expose PS. (C) An overlay of the lactadherin-FITC signal of fractions 3 (grey filled) and 7.